

Auditor's Report on Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U.

(Together with the abbreviated annual accounts of Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U.for the year ended 31 December 2024)

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)



KPMG Auditores, S.L. P°. de la Castellana, 259 C. 28046 Madrid

Independent Auditor's Report on the Abbreviated Annual Accounts

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the Sole Shareholder of Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U.

Opinion_____

We have audited the abbreviated annual accounts of Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U. (the "Company"), which comprise the abbreviated balance sheet at 31 December 2024, the abbreviated income statement for the year then ended, and abbreviated notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying abbreviated annual accounts give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the equity and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework (specified in note 3 to the accompanying abbreviated annual accounts) and, in particular, with the accounting principles and criteria set forth therein.

Basis for Opinion _____

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Abbreviated annual accounts* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, that are relevant to our audit of the abbreviated annual accounts in Spain pursuant to the legislation regulating the audit of accounts. We have not provided any non-audit services, nor have any situations or circumstances arisen which, under the aforementioned regulations, have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Most Relevant Aspects of the Audit_

The most relevant aspects of the audit are those that, in our professional judgement, have been considered as the most significant risks of material misstatement in the audit of the abbreviated annual accounts of the current period. These risks were addressed in the context of our audit of the abbreviated annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these risks.

We have determined that there are no more significant risks considered in the audit that should be communicated in our report.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Abbreviated annual accounts

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying abbreviated annual accounts in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the financial reporting framework applicable to the entity in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of abbreviated annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the abbreviated annual accounts, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Abbreviated annual accounts ___

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the abbreviated annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these abbreviated annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the abbreviated annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the abbreviated annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the abbreviated annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the abbreviated annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.

We communicate with the Directors of the entity regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

From the significant risks communicated to the Directors of Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U., we determine those that were of most significance in the audit of the abbreviated annual accounts of the current period and which are therefore the most significant risks.

We describe these risks in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

KPMG Auditores, S.L. On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702

(Signed on original in Spanish)

Juan Ignacio Fernández Pérez On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. 23.906

31 March 2025

Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U.

Abridged Annual Accounts corresponding to the fiscal year ended on December 31st 2024

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET AT DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

ASSETS	Note	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,460,850	1,261,084
Investments in group companies and associates long-term Equity investments Long-term financial assets	5 4,6,14	1,453,922 1,453,922 912	1,255,830 -
Deferred tax assets CURRENT ASSETS	10	6,016 28,282	5,254 20,094
Trade and other receivables Tax current assets	10	22,061 22,061	19,090 19,090
Short-term financial assets Cash and cash equivalents	4,6,14 4,7	1,251 4,970	1,004
TOTAL ASSETS		1,489,132	1,281,178

NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
NET EQUITY		579,937	598,008
EQUITY	8	582,070	598,008
Share capital		64,326	64,326
Share Premium		583,153	583,603
Reserves		5,799	5,799
Negative results from previous years		(55,720)	(45,372)
Profit/(loss) for the year		(15,488)	(10,348)
Adjustments for changes in value		(2,133)	-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		596,599	672,612
Long-term debts Debts with group companies and associates long-term Deferred tax liabilities	4,9 4, 9, 12 10	223,340 373,249 10	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		312,596	10,558
Short-term debt	4,9	2.102	_
Debts with group companies and associates short-term	4, 9, 12	310,473	
Trade and other payables	r, 0, .2	21	33
Sundry payables	4, 9	11	23
Other amounts payable to Public Administrations	10	10	10
TOTAL NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,489,132	1,281,178

Notes 1 to 16 set out in the attached report form an integral part of these abridged annual accounts.

$\frac{\text{ABRIDGED INCOME STATEMENT CORRESPONDING TO THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED}}{\text{ON DECEMBER 31}^{\text{st}}, 2024}$

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

	Note	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Other operating expenses	11.2	(33)	(31)
Other expenses	11.4	(151)	-
OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)		(184)	(31)
Financial income		134	-
Financial expenses		(21,215)	(14,693)
Change in fair value of financial instruments		769	-
FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSE)	11.3	(20,312)	(14,693)
PROFIT/ (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		(20,496)	(14,724)
Corporate income tax	10	5,008	4,376
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		(15,488)	(10,348)

Notes 1 to 16 set out in the attached report form an integral part of these abridged annual accounts.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

1. General Information

Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U. (hereinafter, the Company) is a Spanish public limited liability company, that was incorporated on March 4th, 2015. It was originally registered in Calle Hermosilla 11, Madrid. From July 21st, 2015 it is registered on the address Calle Virgilio, 2B, edificio 1, Pozuelo de Alarcón, Madrid.

The Company's corporate objects are described in Article 2 of its By-laws, and it is acting as a holding company, being able to:

- Acquisition, holding, possession, exploitation, management, temporary assignment, lease and sale of full ownership, usufruct and bare legal title to any kind of real property in Spain and/or abroad.
- Acquisition, holding, possession, administration and management of securities and/or equity interests in companies or entities formed in Spain, including all kinds of investments property on its own.
- Management and administration of equity interests in entities not resident in Spain through the organisation of material and human resources.
- Exploitation, management, preservation and maintenance of sundry infrastructures and transportation and communications infrastructures.
- Provision to third parties of consulting and advisory services relating to any of the activities mentioned above.

At the date of incorporation, the Company's Sole Shareholder was Intertrust, S.L. which it owned 100% of the Company's shares. On April 29th, 2015, the Company Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. acquired the 100% of the Company's shares, and became part of the Group, whose ultimate parent company is Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. being the shareholders of this company Realgaz, S.A.S.(previously called C41 S.A.S), Stichting Depositary PGGM Infrastructure Funds, JCSS Mike S.A.R.L and Lancashire County Pension Fund.

On July 25th, 2017, the General Shareholders' Meeting approved the transfer of the shareholdings held by Lancashire County Pension Fund, representing 12.50% of the share capital of Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. to LPPI Infrastructure Investment LP. By October 2017, Lancashire County Pension Fund has contributed its 12.5% stake in the company to the pooled investment vehicle, LPPI Infrastructure Investment LP, which is owned by it and the London Pension Fund Authority.

Elisandra V Spain, S.L.U. owns 100% of the shares of the following companies that make up the group:

- Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U.
- Aliara Energía, S.A.U.
- Madrid Gas Finance Network, B.V.

Aliara Energia, S.A.U. having the 100% of Aliara GLP, S.L.U. The company makes up the group and was incorporated in November 2021 and the 33.33% of Inspira Madrid Hidrógeno Verde, S.L new company makes up the group and was incorporated in October 2023.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The Company does not present consolidated financial statements since it forms part of the Madrid Network Gas Group, whose parent company is its sole shareholder, Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. On March 24th 2025 the directors of the Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. Group authorised the issue of the consolidated annual accounts for 2024, prepared under IFRS-EU (the 2023 annual accounts were authorised for issue on March 20th 2024). The consolidated annual accounts will be filed at the Madrid Mercantile Registry.

Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. has its registered office located at Calle Virgilio, 2B, edificio 1, Pozuelo de Alarcón, Madrid.

2. Basis for presentation

2.1 Fair presentation

The accompanying annual accounts for the fiscal year ended on December 31st 2024, are presented in accordance with the accounting principles and standards contained in the Spanish General Chart of Accounts approved by Royal Decree 1514/2007, of November 16th, and the amendments to the Chart brought in by Royal Decree 1159/2010, of September 17th, 602/2016, of December 2nd and Royal Decree 1/2021, January 12th in order to present fairly the equity, financial position and results of the Company as well as its cash flows for the corresponding year.

The annual accounts for the year ended on December 31^{st} 2023 were approved by the Sole Shareholder on April 12^{th} 2024.

The annual accounts corresponding to the year ended on December 31st 2024 have been drawn up by the Board of Directors on March 24th 2025 and will be submitted the annual accounts for approval to the Shareholders. However, the Board of Directors of Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U considers that the annual accounts will be approved without changes.

All amounts in this notes are expressed in thousands euros unless indicated otherwise.

2.2 Grouping of items

For the purpose of facilitating the understanding of the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement, these statements are presented in a group format, with the required analysis being included in the corresponding notes to the annual accounts.

2.3 Critical measurement issues and estimates of uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use by the Company of certain estimates and judgments concerning the future that are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates, by definition, will rarely equal the corresponding actual results. Estimates and judgments that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are explained below.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

- Provisions for risks and expenses and other contingencies

Determining the need to record provisions to cover present obligations that arise as a result of past events requires significant estimates and judgements. To this end, the Company evaluates, based on the best information available to date, the result of certain legal or other procedures that are pending at the date of preparation (Note 13.2) of the annual accounts.

- Measurement of equity instruments

They are measured at cost less, where appropriate, cumulative impairment adjustments. Where there is objective evidence that the carrying amount is not recoverable, the relevant value adjustments are made for the difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and the present value of cash flows from the investment. Unless better evidence is available of the recoverable amount, when estimating the impairment of these investments, the investee company's equity is taken into account, adjusted for any latent capital gains existing at the measurement date. The value adjustment and, if appropriate, its reversal, are reflected in the income statement for the year in which they arise.

In the case of equity instruments valued at cost, an evaluation is made as to whether or not there are any indications of impairment at the year-end, comparing the carrying value against recoverable value, and which is determined by the present value of the future estimated cash flows deriving from the investment. On December 31st 2024 and 2023 the equity instruments are those related to the Company's investments in Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., Aliara Energía, S.A.U., Aliara GLP, S.L.U. Madrid Hidrógeno Verde, S.L. y Madrileña Red de Gas Finance, B.V. (Note 6). To determine the recoverable value of the investments, business plans of the five companies have been used and have been prepared taking into consideration the current legislation that affects both, the investee companies' activity as well as tax matters. The impairment analysis has considered several assumptions, concerning, amongst others, the discount rate applied. As a result of this analysis, it has not been necessary to register any impairment in the investments.

The Directors estimate discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks associated for each cash-generating unit. The changes in selling prices and costs are based on in-house and industry forecasts, and experience and future expectations, respectively.

The main assumptions considered by Company's management to assess these assets for impairment are as follows: estimation of future income and the term over which business plans are coherent to existing regulations, financing structure in accordance with current conditions and post-tax discount rates amount to 4.83% in the case of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., 5.69% in the case of Aliara GLP, S.L.U and 7.12% in the case of Aliara Energía, S.A.U. (which shows the specific risks relating to the business).

As a result of the analysis carried out on December 31st 2024 and 2023, there has been no evidence of the need for impairments in investments in group companies.

-Fair value of derivatives or other financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

2.4 Going concern

On December 31st, 2024 the Company has a negative working capital of 284,314 thousand euros (on December 31st, 2023 it had a positive working capital of 9,536 thousand euros).

The Company has negative working capital due to the repayment of the 300 million euro loan with the group company Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V., which matures in April 2025 (Note 9). The Company plans to repay the loan with Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V., using the cash that the Company will have after the distribution of dividends from Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. in the amount of 135 million (Note 16) and after the drawdown of the undrawn loan signed with a limit of 180 million euros (Note 9). The Directors consider that the Company will be able to generate sufficient cash in the next 12 months to meet its debts.

2.5 Comparison of information

The abridged annual accounts present for comparative purposes, with each of the abridged balance sheet items, the abridged profit and loss account, and the abridged notes, in addition to the figures for the 2023 financial year, those corresponding to the previous financial year, which were part of the Annual accounts for the year 2024 approved by the sole shareholder ' Meeting on April 12th 2024.

2.6 Application of Losses

The proposed application of losses to be submitted to the sole shareholder is as follows:

	31.12.2023	31.12.2022
Basis of allocation Profit/(loss) for the year Application	(15,487,712.44)	(10,348,121.09)
Prior years' losses	(15,487,712.44) (15,487,712.44)	(10,348,121.09) (10,348,121.09)

3. Accounting policies and valuation

The main accounting and valuation principles applied by the Company to prepare its annual accounts corresponding to the fiscal year ended on December 31st 2024 in accordance with the General Chart of Accounts (PGC), are as follows:

3.1 Financial instrument

Recognition and classification of financial instruments

The Company classifies financial instruments at the time of their initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument, in accordance with the economic substance of the contractual agreement and with the definitions of financial asset, financial liability or equity instrument heritage.

The Company recognizes a financial instrument when it becomes an obligated party to the contract or legal business in accordance with its provisions, either as issuer or as holder or acquirer of the former.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

For valuation purposes, the Company classifies financial assets at amortized cost and at fair value with changes in equity, except designated equity instruments, in accordance with the business model and the characteristics of the contractual flows. The Company classifies financial liabilities as valued at amortized cost, except those designated at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account and those held for trading.

The Company classifies a financial asset at amortized cost, even when it is admitted to trading, if it is held within the framework of a business model whose objective is to maintain the investment in order to receive the cash flows derived from the execution of the contract and the contractual conditions. of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount of principal outstanding (UPPI).

The Company classifies all other financial liabilities, except financial guarantee contracts, commitments to grant a loan at an interest rate below the market rate and financial liabilities resulting from a transfer of financial assets that do not meet the requirements for their derecognition or that are accounted for using the continuing involvement approach, as financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Compensation principles

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset only when the Company has the enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends to settle the net amount or to realize the asset and cancel the liability simultaneously.

For valuation purposes, the Company classifies financial assets at amortized cost and at fair value with changes in equity, except designated equity instruments, in accordance with the business model and the characteristics of the contractual flows. The Company classifies financial liabilities as valued at amortized cost, except those designated at fair value with changes in the profit and loss account and those held for trading.

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value, plus or minus the transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently valued at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the discount rate that equalizes the book value of a financial instrument with the estimated cash flows throughout the expected life of the instrument, based on its contractual conditions and for financial assets without considering the future credit losses, except for those acquired or originated with losses incurred, for which the effective interest rate adjusted for credit risk is used, that is, considering the credit losses incurred at the time of acquisition or origination.

Impairment of value of financial assets

A financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired and an impairment loss has occurred, if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event or events causing the loss. have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets, which can be estimated reliably.

The Company follows the criterion of recording the appropriate valuation corrections for impairment of financial assets at amortized cost, when there has been a reduction or delay in future estimated cash flows, motivated by the insolvency of the debtor.

Likewise, in the case of equity instruments, value impairment exists when there is a lack of recoverability of the asset's book value due to a prolonged or significant decrease in its fair value.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

Impairment of financial assets valued at amortized cost

The amount of the loss due to impairment of the value of financial assets valued at amortized cost is the difference between the book value of the financial asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred. , discounted at the original effective interest rate of the asset. For financial assets with a variable interest rate, the effective interest rate corresponding to the valuation date according to the contractual conditions is used. However, the Company uses their market value, provided that it is reliable enough to be considered representative of the value that could be recovered.

The impairment loss is recognized with a charge to results and is reversible in subsequent years, if the decrease can be objectively related to an event subsequent to its recognition. However, the reversal of the loss is limited to the amortized cost that the assets would have had, if the loss due to impairment in value had not been recorded.

The Company directly reduces the carrying amount of a financial asset when it does not have reasonable expectations of full or partial recovery.

Impairment of investments in Group companies, associates and jointly controlled entities and equity instruments carried at cost

Impairment is calculated by comparing the carrying amount of the investment with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the present value of future cash flows from the investment and fair value less costs to sell.

In subsequent years, reversals of impairment losses in the form of increases in the recoverable amount are recognised, up to the limit of the carrying amount that would have been determined for the investment if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment losses are recognised and reversed in the income statement.

Equity investments in Group companies, jointly controlled entities and associates

Investments in Group companies, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially recognised at cost, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given, including transaction costs in the case of investments in associates and jointly controlled entities, and are subsequently measured at cost net of any accumulated impairment. Nevertheless, in acquisitions of investments in Group companies that would not be classified as a business combination, transaction costs are also included in the cost of acquisition of these investments. The cost of investments in Group companies acquired before 1st January 2010 includes any transaction costs incurred.

3.2 Net Equity

The Share capital consists of ordinary shares.

The costs of issuing new shares or options are deducted from equity, as lower reserves.

Given the case of acquiring own shares, the amount paid, including any other incremental cost, it will be diminished from the net equity until it is cancelled, new emission or disposed. When those shares are sold, or are emitted later on, the amount obtained, net of any incremental transaction cost, is directly included in the net equity.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at hand, time deposits with financial entities and other short-term investments noted for their great liquidity with an original maturity no longer than three months as from the acquisition date.

3.4 Current and deferred taxes

The income tax expense or tax income for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax assets or liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity, or from a business combination.

Recognition of deferred tax liabilities

The Company recognises deferred tax liabilities in all cases except where they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income.

Recognition of deferred tax assets

The Company recognises deferred tax assets provided that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available against which they can be utilised or when tax legislation envisages the possibility of converting deferred tax assets into a receivable from public entities in the future.

The Company recognises the conversion of a deferred tax asset into a receivable from public entities when it becomes enforceable in accordance with prevailing tax legislation. For this purpose, the deferred tax asset is derecognised with a charge to the deferred tax expense and the receivable is recognised with a credit to current tax. Likewise, the Company recognises the exchange of a deferred tax asset for government debt securities when it acquires ownership thereof.

The Company recognises the payment obligation deriving from financial contributions as an operating expense with a credit to payables to public entities when it is accrued in accordance with the Spanish Income Tax Law.

Nonetheless, assets arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income, are not recognised.

In the absence of evidence to the contrary, it is not considered probable that the Company will have future taxable profit when the deferred tax assets are expected to be recovered in a period of more than ten years from the end of the reporting period, irrespective of the nature of the deferred tax asset; or, in the case of tax credits for deductions and other tax relief that are unused due to an insufficient amount of total tax, when there is reasonable doubt after the activity or the income giving rise to entitlement to the deduction or tax credit has been rendered or received, respectively as to whether the requirements for their offset will be met.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The Company only recognises deferred tax assets arising from tax loss carryforwards when it is probable that future taxable profit will be generated against which they may be offset within the period stipulated in applicable tax legislation, up to a maximum period of ten years, unless there is evidence that their recovery in a longer period of time is probable and tax legislation provides for their utilisation in a longer period or stipulates no time limit for their utilisation.

Conversely, it is considered probable that the Company will generate sufficient taxable profit to recover deferred tax assets when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, which are expected to reverse in the same tax period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary differences or in periods into which a tax loss arising from a deductible temporary difference can be carried back or forward.

The Company recognises deferred tax assets not previously recognised because they were not expected to be utilised within the ten-year recovery period, inasmuch as the future reversal period does not exceed ten years from the end of the reporting period or when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences.

In order to determine future taxable profit the Company takes into account tax planning opportunities provided it intends or is likely to adopt them.

Measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the years when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. The tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets or liabilities are also reflected in the measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities. For these purposes, the Company has considered the deduction for reversal of the temporary measures provided in transitional provision thirty-seven of Income Tax Law 27/2014 of 27th November 2014 as an adjustment to the tax rate applicable to the deductible temporary difference associated with the non-deductibility of amortisation and depreciation charges in 2013 and 2014.

Offset and classification

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet under non-current assets or liabilities, irrespective of the expected date of recovery or settlement.

3.5 Foreign currency

The Company's annual accounts are stated in euros, which is the functional and the presentation currency of the Company.

3.6 Transactions between group companies

In general, transactions between group companies are initially recognised at fair value. If applicable, where the agreed price differs from the fair value, the difference is recognised based on the economic reality of the transaction. Transactions are subsequently measured in accordance with applicable standards.

3.7 Revenue recognition

Income is recorded at a reasonable value of the consideration to receive and represents the amounts to bill for the delivered goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities, less returns, discounts and the VAT.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The Company recognises income when the amount may be reliably estimated, it is likely that the future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the specific conditions are fulfilled for each activity, as described below.

According to the consultation on the accounting classification of individual annual accounts of a holding company's income and expenses, published by the Institute of Accounting and Auditing in the Official Publication No. 79, the Company classifies financial revenue from loans to group companies and dividend income received from its subsidiaries received from its investees as part of the financial statement line "Net Turnover" of the Income Statement.

It also records impairments in investments in group companies within the operating margin.

a) Interest and dividends

The Company recognises interest and dividends accrued on financial assets after their acquisition as income.

The Company accounts for interest on financial assets carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method and recognises dividends when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Upon initial measurement of financial assets, the Company recognises accrued explicit interest receivable at the measurement date separately, based on maturity. Dividends declared by the pertinent body at the acquisition date are also accounted for separately. Accordingly, these amounts are not recognised as income.

If the dividends are clearly derived from profits generated prior to the acquisition date because amounts higher than the profits generated by the investee itself or by any investee thereof since acquisition have been distributed, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced. This criterion applies irrespective of the measurement criterion used to measure equity instruments. Therefore, in the case of equity instruments at fair value, the value of the investment is also reduced, and any subsequent increase in value is recognised in the income statement or in equity, depending on the instruments' classification

3.8 Financial derivatives and hedge accounting

Financial derivatives are measured at fair value at both initial recognition and subsequent measurement. Resulting gains and losses are recognised depending on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument or not and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Company designates certain derivatives as cash flow hedges.

The effective portion of changes in fair value of the derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is temporarily recognised in equity. It is taken to the profit and loss account in the years in which the forecast hedged transaction affects results unless the hedge relates to a forecast transaction ending in the recognition of a non-financial asset or liability, in which case the amounts reflected in equity are included in the cost of the asset when it is acquired or of the liability when it is assumed.

The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER $31^{\rm st}$ 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

4. Analysis of financial instruments

The carrying value of each financial instrument category is set out in the accounting and measurement standard "Financial instruments" is as follows:

4.1 Analysis by category

a) Financial assets

Investments are related in full to loans and receivables. The heading of loans and receivables, except for equity investments in group companies and associates (Note 5), breaks down as follows:

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Non-Current financial assets at amortised cost		
Derivatives (note 6 and 14)	912	-
_	912	-

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Current financial assets at amortised cost		
Derivatives (note 6 and 14) Other financial assets	1,241 10	- -
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	4,970	1,004
	6,221	1,004

b) Financial liabilities

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Non-current financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Bank loans (Note 9) Debts with group companies and associates (Nota 9, 12)	223,340 373,249	- 672,612
Non-current financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables		
Bank loans (Note 9) Debts with group companies and associates (Nota 9, 12) Sundry payables	2,102 310,473 11	- 10,525 23
	909,175	683,160

^(*) Liabilities with the Public Administrations have been excluded from the balance $\underline{\text{Trade}}$ and other payables

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER $31^{\rm st}$ 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

4.2 Analysis by maturity

On December 31st 2024 the long and short-term debts with a determined or undetermined maturity date, classified by the year in which they will mature, are as follows:

	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent years	Total
Derivatives (Note 14)	1,241	456	456	-	-	2,153
Trade and other recivables	10	-	-	-	-	10
	1,251	456	456	-	-	2,163

	2025	2026	2027	2028	Subsequent years	Total
Debts with group companies and associates (Note 9, 12)	310,473	-	-	-	373,249	383,722
Bank loans (Note 9)	2,102	_	223,340	_	-	225,443
Sundry creditors (Note 9)	11	-	· -	-	-	11
	312,586	-	223,340	-	373,249	909,175

On December 31st 2023 the long and short-term debts with a determined or undetermined maturity date, classified by the year in which they will mature, are as follows:

	2024	2025	2026	2027	Subsequent years	Total
Debts with group companies and associates (Note 9, 12) Sundry creditors (Note 9)	10,525	300,000	-	-	372,612	683,137
	23	-	-	-	-	23
	10,548	300,000	-	-	372,612	683,160

The fair value of financial assets does not differ significantly from the carrying value.

The fair value of the financial liabilities with group companies and associates is an amount of Euros 665,918 and 635,548 thousand on 31st December 2024 and 2023, respectively.

5. Shares in group, multi-group and associates companies

a) Shares in group companies

			Share c	apital (%)	Voting ı	rights (%)	
Name and legal form	Address	Activity	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	
Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U.	C.E. Arco, c/ Virgilio 2-B, Edificio 1, Pozuelo de Alarcón (Madrid)	Gas distribution	100%	-	100%	-	
Aliara Energía, S.A.U.	C.E. Arco, c/ Virgilio 2-B, Edificio 1, Pozuelo de Alarcón (Madrid)	Development and maintenance of energy facilities	100%	-	100%	-	
Aliara GLP, S.L.U	C.E. Arco, c/ Virgilio 2-B, Edificio 1, Pozuelo de Alarcón (Madrid)	Gas distribution and supply (LPG)	-	100%	-	100%	
Inspira Madrid Hidrígeno Verde, S.L	C.E María de Molina, 40, 5ª planta (Madrid)	Development and promotion of energy projects	-	33.33%	-	33.33%	
Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V	Overschiestraat 65, 1062XD Amsterdam, The Netherlands	Invest and use the funds obtained by the Company	100%	-	100%	-	
-		-			•	4.4	

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER $31^{\rm st}$ 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

There are no public traded companies.

The share capital, reserves, profit or loss for the year, and other information of interest, according the individual annual accounts on December 31st 2024 and 2023 of the companies are as follows:

31.12.2024						Thous	sand Euros
Company	Share capital	Share premium	Reserves and other shareholders contributions	Operating income	Profit/loss for the year	Share net book value	Obtained dividends
Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. (*)	1,048	100,354	435,096	2,606	1,873	1,426,044	22,612
Aliara Energía, S.A.U. (*)	60	-	24,304	(1,312)	(933)	27,860	-
Aliara GLP, S.L.U. (*)	1,010	-	9,697	(1,232)	(880)	-	-
Inspira Madrid Hidrígeno Verde, S.L (**)	150	-	(4)	(96)	(96)	-	-
Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V. (*)	18	2,002	5,817	749	676	18	-
						1,453,922	22,612

^(*) Companies audited by KPMG.

^(**) Non audited

31.12.2023						Thous	sand Euros
Company	Share capital	Share premium	Reserves and other shareholders contributions	Operating income	Profit/loss for the year	Share net book value	Obtained dividends
Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. (*)	1,048	100,354	240,497	4,866	(3,411)	1,227,952	16,200
Aliara Energía, S.A.U. (*)	60	-	26,124	(877)	(1,820)	27,860	-
Aliara GLP, S.L.U. (*)	1,010	-	10,722	(1,368)	(1,026)	-	-
Inspira Madrid Hidrígeno Verde, S.L (**)	150	-	-	(4)	(4)	-	-
Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V. (*)	18	2,002	5,222	666	595	18	-
						1,255,830	16,200

^(*) Companies audited by KPMG.

On May 7th 2015, the companies C41, S.A.S (currently called Realgaz S.A.S), Stichting Depositary PGGM Infrastructure Funds, JCSS Mike S.A.R.L (Elisandra Spain IV, S.L.'s shareholders) acquired all the shares of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U, Aliara Energía S.A.U. and Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V. from MSIP VIOLIN B.V, which wholly owned those companies. On May 7th, 2015, Realgaz, S.A.S (previously called C41 S.A.S), Stichting Depositary PGGM Infrastructure Funds, JCSS Mike S.A.R.L, with MSIP VIOLIN B.V.'s consent, assigned and transferred all the shares to Elisandra Spain V S.L.U., which purchased and acquired them under a contractual position assignment agreement. The assignment was authorised by the sole shareholder, Elisandra Spain IV S.L.

^(**) Non audited

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

This transaction generated an account receivable by Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. (the Company's sole shareholder) of the amount of 1,286,468 thousand euros. Also on May 7th 2015, the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company's shareholders resolved to increase the Company's share capital by compensating credits in the amount of 64,323 thousand euros, creating 64,323 thousand new shares with a par value of 1 euro each, numbered correlatively 3,001 through 64,326,480; these shares carry the same rights as the pre-existing shares. The capital increase was carried out with a total share premium of 1,222,145 thousand euros, so that the equivalent value of each new share is 1 euro (par value) and approximately 19 euros (share premium).

On February 16th, 2023, the Company approved a distribution in its favour an amount of 16,200 thousand euros from the account 118 "Contributions by shareholders "of Madrileña Red de Gas S.A.U.

On February 15th, 2024, the Company approved the distribution of dividends amounting to 328 thousand euros charged to the account 118 "Contributions by shareholders and voluntary reserves in the amount of 14,284 thousand euros charged to the voluntary reserves of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., which have been fully paid as of December 31st, 2024.

On June 20th, 2024, the Company approved the distribution of dividends amounting to 8.000 thousand euros charged to the account 118 "Contributions by shareholders of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., which have been fully paid as of December 31st, 2024.

On July 1st, 2024, the Company approved the non-monetary contribution of the intercompany loan with a credit to account 118 "Contributions by shareholders "of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., by the amount of 220.704 thousand euros.

On December 31^{st} , 2024, and 2023 the recoverable value of investments in group companies exceeds their net book value.

6. Financial assets carried at cost

As of December 31st 2024 and 2023 no current or non-current financial assets have been recorded:

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Non-Current financial assets at amortised cost		
Derivatives (Note 14)	912	-
Current financial assets at amortised cost		
Derivatives (Note 14) Other financial assets	1,241 10	- -
	2,163	-

7. Cash and cash equivalents

On December 31st 2024 the Company has 4,970 thousand euros (1,004 thousand euros on December 31st 2023) in a current account, available to meet its needs.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

8. Capital and Share premium

Share Capital

The Company was incorporated in a public deed authorised on March 4th, 2015 with a share capital of 3 thousand euros consisting of 3,000 fully-subscribed and paid-up, registered shares with a par value of 1 euro each, in the same class and series, numbered correlatively 1 to 3,000, both included.

On May 7th, 2015, the sole shareholder decided to increase the share capital of the Company amounting to 64,323 thousand euros, by means of the creation of 64,323 thousand new shares with a nominal value of 1 euro and with the same rights of the ones already existing, numbered correlatively from 3001 to 64,326,480, both included. (Note 5).

On December 31st 2024 and 2023 the share capital amounts to 64,326 thousand euros and is 100% subscribed and paid up represented by Elisandra IV Spain, S.L.

Share Premium

On December 31st 2024 the share premium sums up to 583,153 thousand euros (585,603 thousand euros on December 31st 2023).

On February 16th 2023 the Sole Shareholder approved a dividend distribution by 2,000 thousand euros with charged to the share premium's reserve, which has been disbursed on December 31st 2023.

On February 15th 2024 the Sole Shareholder of the Company approved a dividend distribution by 450 thousand euros with charged to the share premium's reserve, which has been disbursed on December 31st 2024.

Legal Reserve

In accordance with the consolidated text of the Corporate Enterprises, 10% of the profit for the year must be transferred to the legal reserve each year until the balance in the reserve reaches at least 20% of share capital. The legal reserve may be used to increase capital provided that, the remaining balance in the reserve exceeds 10% of the increased share capital. Except for the purpose described above and until the balance does not exceeds 20% of share capital, the legal reserve may only be used to offset losses if other available reserves for this purpose are not enough.

As of December 31st, 2024, the legal reserve, amounting to 5,799 thousand euros, is still not fully funded.

Profit /(Loss) distribution/application proposal

The proposal to be presented to the Sole Shareholders regarding the application of losses is as follows:

		Euros
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Available for distribution Profit/(loss) for the year	(15,487,712.44)	(10,348,121.09)
Application Negative results from previous years	(15,487,712.44) (15,487,712.44)	(10,348,121.09) (10,348,121.09)

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

9. Financial assets at amortised cost

The balance in the accounts included in current financial liabilities on December 31st 2024 and 2023 is as follows (thousand euros):

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Non-Current financial liabilities at amortised cost:		
Bank loans	223,340	_
Debts with group and associate companies (Note 12)	373,249	1
Current financial liabilities at amortised cost:		
Bank loans	2,102	-
Debts with group and associate companies (Note 12)	310,473	10,525
Sundry payables	11	23
TOTAL	909,175	683,160

Bank loans:

On July 1st, 2024 Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U., by virtue of a framework agreement for the implementation of the internal restructuring of the group company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U, assumed the debtor position of the syndicated loan that Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U, undersigned with several credit institutions on August 3th, 2022, giving rise to an intercompany loan of 226,335 thousand euros. Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U, has carried out the partial repayment of this loan by delivering to the Company the existing asset related to the hedging contracts (Note 14) whose value at the date of the transaction amounted to 5,631 thousand euros, leaving an outstanding amount of 220,704 thousand euros of the intercompany loan and the Company agreed to make a non-cash contribution of the loan . The transactions have been carried out at market values.

	Notional amount of the loan	Market value of the loan 01.07.2024	Difference book value versus fair		Maturity	Date of loan
	01.07.2024		value	Start date	date	assignment
-	226,101	226,335	234	03.08.2022	03.08.2027	01.07.2024
-	226,101	226,335	234			

The Company recorded under "Short-term bank loans" the outstanding interest's payment on the syndicated loan amounting to 1,472 thousand euros (0 thousand euros on December 31st, 2023).

Financial expenses accrued on this loan as of December 31st 2024 amounted to 5,356 thousand euros (0 thousand euros on December 31st, 2023) (Note 11).

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

Long-term and short-term payables to Group companies and associates

The Company recorded under "Long-term payables to group companies and associates" has registered three loans signed with the investee company Madrileña Red de Gas Finance, BV (MRG Finance BV) through which it transferred to the Company the amounts obtained from the bond issues by MRG Finance, of which the Company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. was guarantor until June 2024. On July 1st, 2024, Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U replaced to Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. as guarantor of such obligations:

- Issue in March 2016 by MRG Finance BV of bonds with obligations for a nominal amount of 75,000 thousand euros maturing in March 2031, under its EMTN programme. The bonds issued bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.5% per year payable annually in March and they may be redeemed at maturity.
- Issue in April 2017 by MRG Finance BV, of bonds with obligations for a nominal amount of 300,000 thousand euros maturing in April 2025, under its EMTN programme. The bonds issue have a fixed interest rate of 1.375% per year, payable annually in April, and are repayable at maturity.
- Issue in April 2017 by MRG Finance BV, of bonds with obligations for a nominal amount of 300,000 thousand euros maturing in April 2029, under its EMTN programme. The bonds issued have a fixed interest rate of 2.25% per year payable annually in April, and are repayable at maturity.

The main terms and conditions for this loan are as follows:

Notional amount of the loan	Start date	Maturity date	Term	Annual interest rate	Payment of interest	Repayment of principal
75,000	03.03.2016	03.03.2031	15 years	3.598%	anual	03.03.2031
300,000	11.04.2017	11.04.2025	8 years	1.473%	anual	11.04.2025
300,000	11.04.2017	11.04.2029	12 years	2.348%	anual	11.04.2029

The Company recorded under "Debts with group companies and associates short term" the notional amount of the loan mentioned in the previous point and with maturing in April 2025 amounting to 300,000 thousand euros and their amortized cost (67) thousand euros.

Additionally, the Company recorded under "Debts with group companies and associates short term" the outstanding interest's payment of the loans mentioned in the previous point amounting to 10,540 thousand euros (10,525 thousand euros on December 31st, 2023).

Financial expenses accrued as of December 31st 2024 amounted to 14,746 thousand euros (14,693 thousand euros on December 31st, 2023) (Note 11 and 12).

Undrawn Ioan

On May 20^{th} , 2024 the Company signed an undrawn loan for an available amount of 300,000 thousand euros.

On July 2nd, 2024 the Company reduced the amount of the undrawn loan by 120,000 thousand euros leaving an available amount of 180,000 thousand euros and maturing on October 17th, 2027.

During 2024, financial expenses of 710 thousand euros were accrued in respect of availability fees and 401 thousand euros respectively for other fees (Note 11).

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The Company recorded under "Short-term bank loans" the outstanding interest's payment for availability commission amounting to 630 thousand euros (0 thousand euros on December 31th, 2023).

On December 31th, 2024 the Company has not drawn down any of this loan.

10. Public administrations and Tax situation

Since July 1st 2015 the Company began to file consolidated tax returns as a Parent Company of the Tax Group No. 474/15, where Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. is the Parent Company.

In the financial year ended in December 31st 2021, Tax Group No. 474/15 is formed by the parent Elisandra Spain IV, S.L. and the companies Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U, Aliara Energía, S.A.U., Aliara GLP, S.L.U. and Madrileña Red de Gas S.A.U.

10.1 Current balances with Public Administrations

A breakdown of current balances with Public Administrations on December 31st 2024 and 2023 is as follows (thousand euros):

	31.12	.2024
	Debit	Credit
Tax current assets Professional retention	22,061	- 10
	22,061	10

	31.12	31.12.2023		
	Debit	Credit		
Tax current assets Professional retention	19,090	- 10		
	19,090	10		

10.2 Reconciliation accounting results and tax base

Set out below is the reconciliation between net income and expense, and the corporate income tax on December 31st 2024:

Profit (loss) for the year
Corporate income tax
Permanent differences
Tax base

	Income statement			
Total	Disposals	Additions		
(15,488)				
(5,008)	(5,008)	-		
8,675	(1,573)	10,248		
(11,821)				

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

Set out below is the reconciliation between net income and expense, and the corporate income tax on December 31st 2023:

7,362

Income statement
Disposals

(4,376)

Total (10,348) (4,376)

7,362 (7,362)

	Additions
Profit (loss) for the year	
Corporate income tax	
Permanent differences	7,3
Tax base	·

On March 31st 2012 the Official State Gazette published Royal Decree-Law 12/2012 (March 30th), which was subsequently amended by Royal Decree-Law 20/2012 (July 12th), introducing several tax and administrative measures to reduce the public deficit. This Royal Decree-Law establishes a general limit to the deduction of financial expense. In general the amount of net deductible financial expense in the tax period is reduced to 30% of operating profits for the year (applying certain corrections) being deductible, in any case, those that do not exceed 1 million euros. These limitations apply to the tax periods commencing as from January 1st 2012.

As of December 31st, 2024 positive temporary differences include 10,248 thousand euros relating to 50% of tax loss carryforwards. (As of December 31st, 2023; 7,362 thousand euros) and the negative temporary adjustments mainly include 736 thousand euros relating to the reversal of the adjustments for 50% of tax loss carryforwards (As of December 31st, 2023: 0 thousand euros) and 798 thousand euros for consolidation adjustments associated with the derivative (As of December 31st, 2023: 0 thousand euros).

On December 31st 2024 and 2023 the Company had not made interim corporate income tax payments. The Company has had withholding taxes as of December 31st, 2024 amounting to 16 thousand euros (December 31st, 2023: 0 thousand euros).

Corporate income tax (expense) is analysed below:

	Т	Thousand euros	
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023	
Current tax	2,955	1,841	
Deferred tax	2,053	2,535	
Total	5,008	4,376	

The current corporate tax results from the application of the 25% to the tax base.

On December 31st 2024 and 2023 no permanent differences have been recorded.

As of December 31st, 2024, the Company has recorded a write-off of deferred assets, in relation to the adjustments related to intercompany loans (IBLAs) corresponding to fiscal years 2024 and 2023, amounting to 116 thousand euros and 97 thousand euros, respectively. On December 31st, 2023, the Company recorded the deferred asset derecognized on December 31st, 2022 in the amount of 792 thousand euros, since the inspector in his definitive settlement assigned the adjustment to the group company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER $31^{\rm st}$ 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The movement during the year in deferred tax assets and liabilities, excluding the offset of balances, is as follows:

Deferred tax assets	Financial expenses	Cash hedging instrument	50% of the tax loss carryforwards	Total
Balance at 31.12.2022	2,719	-	-	2,719
Charged (reversed) to P&L account	695	-	1,840	2,535
Others		-	-	
Balance at 31.12.2023	3,414	-	1,840	5,254
Charged (reversed) to P&L account	(116)	(200)	2,379	2,063
Charged to equity	-	710	-	710
Others	(2,011)	-	-	(2,011)
Balance at 31.12.2024	1,287	510	4,219	6,016

Deferred tax liabilities	Others	Total
Balance at 31.12.2023	-	_
Charged (reversed) to P&L account	(10)	(10)
Others		
Balance at 31.12.2024	(10)	(10)

On December 31st 2024 and 2023 the detail of negative tax bases not registered is as follows:

	Negative tax bases	Year
Tax credit for negative tax bases	61	2015

The deferred tax assets arising from negative tax bases available for offset are recognised as it becomes likely that the Company will obtain future tax profits to offset them.

The Company is under two process of inspection in relation to Corporate Tax to the fiscal years 2016, 2017 and December 2017 and the fiscal years 2018-2021, respectively,

In accordance with current legislation, tax declarations cannot be considered definitive, until they have been inspected by the tax authorities, or the applicable statute of limitations period has elapsed.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

As a result, among other things, of the different interpretations to which Spanish tax legislation lends itself, additional tax assessments may arise in the event of a tax inspection. The Directors consider, however, that any additional assessments that might be made would not significantly affect these annual accounts.

The Company's Directors do not expect that additional assessment of consideration arise as a consequence neither the raising resources nor the inspection of outstanding years.

11. Profit/ (Loss) for the year

11.1. Revenue from contracts with customers

During 2024 and 2023 the Company has not recorded any dividend income since the dividends received from the subsidiary Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. have been recorded in accordance with accounting regulations as a reduction in the value of the investment (Note 5).

11.2 Operating expenses

The heading "Other operating expenses" up to December 31st 2024 and 2023 relates mainly to the audit and notary fees.

11.3 Financial Income

	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
Financial income:		
Marketable securities and other financial instruments		
- With third parties	134	-
	134	-
Financial expenses		
Interest on debts with group companies (Note 6, 9, 12) Interest in debts with third parties (Note 9)	(14,746) (6,469)	(14,693)
	(21,215)	(14,693)
Change in fair value of financial instruments	769	-
Financial results	(20,312)	(14,693)

As of December 31st, 2024, there is a financial income accrued for remuneration of bank accounts and deposits in the amount of 96 thousand euros (0 thousand euros as of December 31st, 2023).

As of December 31st, 2024, the caption "Change in fair value of financial instruments" includes the financial income associated with the accounting of derivatives, amounting to 769 thousand euros (Note 14).

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER $31^{\rm st}$ 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

11.4 Other results

On December 31st, 2024 the caption "Other results" mainly includes external consulting expenses related to exceptional corporate projects.

12. Operations with related parties

We will consider related parties the following ones:

- The Board of Directors from Elisandra Spain V, S.L. through Realgaz, S.A.S (previously called C41 S.A.S), Stichting Depositary PGGM Infrastructure Funds, JCSS Mike S.A.R.L. and LPPI Infrastructure Investment LP, Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U. and controlled companies of this, Madrileña Red de Gas S.A.U., Aliara Energía S.A.U., Aliara GLP, S.L.U., Inspira Madrid Hidrógeno Verde, S.L. and Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V.
- The administrators, managers and their close relatives. By "administrator" we consider member of the board of directors. By "managers" we consider every member from the Senior Management of Elisandra V Spain, S.L. The Senior Management's functions are performed by the Company's Board of Directors.
- Companies of the Group, Elisandra Spain IV, S.L., Madrileña Red de Gas S.A.U., Aliara Energía, S.A.U., Aliara GLP, S.L.U., Inspira Madrid Hidrógeno Verde, S.L. and Madrileña Red de Gas Finance B.V.

a) Balance

31.12.2024	Group companies	Other related parties	Total
Debts with group and associate companies long-term (Note 9) Debts with group and associate companies short-term (Note 9)	(373,249) (310,473)	-	(373,249) (310,473)
31.12.2023	Group companies	Other related parties	Total
	•		

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

b) Transactions

31.12.2024	Group companies	Other related parties	Total
<u>EXPENSES</u>			
Interest expenses (Nota 11.3)	(14,746)	-	(14,746)
31.12.2023	Group companies	Other related parties	Total
EXPENSES Interest expenses (Nota 11.3)	(14,693)	-	(14,693)

Remuneration of the administrative body and senior management

The Company's Board of Directors did not receive any kind of remuneration up to December 31st 2024 and 2023.

On December 31st 2024 and 2023 no contributions were made to pension plans or funds for former or current members of the Company's Board of Directors. In the same way, no commitment for this respect has been contracted during the year.

On December 31st 2024 and 2023, the members of the Company's Board of Directors have not received nor do they have granted loans or advances, no obligations have been assumed on their behalf as collateral, liability insurance premiums have been paid for damages caused by acts or omissions in the 2023 financial year in the amount of 33 thousand euros (42 thousand euros on 31st December 2023).

The members of the Company's Board of Directors have not received any remuneration in the form of profit sharing or bonuses. Neither have they received shares or stock options during the year, nor have the exercised options or have options outstanding to enforce.

The Company has no Senior Management personnel. This function is performed by the Company's Board of Directors.

Director's conflict of interest

As regards the duty to avoid conflicts of interest with the Company, during the year the Board of Directors fulfilled the obligations stipulated in Article 228 of the Spanish Companies Act. Both the Directors and their related parties avoided the conflict of interest scenarios envisaged in Article 229 of the Act, except for cases in which the necessary authorisation was obtained.

On June 27th, 2024, the assignment of Ms. Chilei Kao was revoked.

On September 26th, 2024, the assignment of Mr. Jan Matthijs Lakerveld was revoked as president and the new president assigned was Ms Carmen Gómez De Barreda Tous De Monsalve.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

13. Other information

13.1 Audit fees

The fees charged during the period ended on December 31st 2024 by KPMG Auditores, S.L. for auditing the annual accounts were 9 thousand euros (8 thousand euros at December 31st 2023 no fees have been accrued for other services.

13.2 CNMC Situacion

On June 18th, 2019, Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. entered into a credit agreement with Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U. with a maximum limit of 1,000,000,000 euros, of which drawdowns have been made during fiscal years 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022.

On May 22nd, 2021, Law 7/2021 of May 20, on climate change and energy transition came into force, which added a new paragraph 6 to Article 62 of Law 34/1998 of the Hydrocarbons Sector, which prohibits companies that carry out regulated activities from granting loans, providing guarantees, guaranteeing loans from other group companies or related parties that carry out liberalized activities or other activities outside the Spanish natural gas sector. Loans to companies of the same group whose purpose is centralized cash management, without engaging in deregulated activities or other activities outside the Spanish natural gas sector, are excluded.

At that date, May 22nd, 2021, the credit agreement signed between Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. and Elisandra Spain V, S.L.U. had not been fully drawn under the terms of the loan.

Subsequent to the entry into force of Law 7/2021, provisions of 101,200 thousand euros were made.

On December 16th, 2022, this credit agreement was cancelled.

On March 17th, 2023, the CNMC notified to the Company and its subsidiary Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U of a resolution whereby it determined that the drawdowns under the aforementioned credit agreement made after May 21st, 2021 are contrary to Article 62.6 of the Hydrocarbons Sector Law.

In this resolution, the CNMC requires the subsidiary company, Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U, to carry out the necessary actions to revert the amounts drawn down from the credit facility agreement after the entry into force of Law 7/2021 in a manner compatible with Law 34/1998, within a maximum period of three months from the date of notification of the resolution. In addition, the resolution of the CNMC considers that the capitalization of credit and the distribution of dividends result in a position of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U that is not considered to be in compliance with Article 62.6 of Law 34/1998, given that Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. guarantees a third-party debt, the bond issues of Madrileña Red de Gas Finance, B.V.

During the year 2023, this resolution of the CNMC has been appealed by the subsidiary Company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U before the National Court, Ordinary Contentious-Administrative Appeal No. 886/23. Having admitted the lawsuit filed by the subsidiary Company, the lawsuit has followed its procedural course.

When filing this contentious-administrative appeal, the subsidiary company, Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. requested the suspension of the effects of the appealed resolution as a precautionary measure. The National High Court has rejected this precautionary measure.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

The subsidiary Company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. was in regular communication with the CNMC to comply with the binding legal decision issued in the resolution of March 17th, 2023 and submitted an action plan to the CNMC with different alternatives. The CNMC provided an answer on February 19th 2024 regarding the compliance with law of such alternatives.

On July 1st, 2024, the Company replaced to the subsidiary Company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. as guarantor of the bonds issued by Madrileña Red de Gas Finance, B.V.

On September 12th, 2024, the CNMC issued a resolution whereby it agreed to consider the Resolution of the CNMC of March 17th, 2023 as complied with, as the guarantee provided by the subsidiary Company Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U. in the bond issues of Madrileña Red de Gas Finance, B.V. had been replaced by a guarantee of the Company to the bondholders.

13.3 Macroeconomic environment and impact of tensions between Russia and Ukraine

The geopolitical situation and the macroeconomic environment in 2024 have been characterised by significant global economic uncertainty and volatility largely due to the following:

- the conflict between Russia and Ukraine has highlighted Europe's vulnerability in terms of
 energy supply and accelerated the transition to more diversified and sustainable energy
 sources. This conflict has important implications on the supply and prices of raw materials,
 mainly gas. By the end of 2024 there are signs of possible negotiations to end the war.
- the situation in the Middle East during 2024 has put the stability of gas prices at risk.
 Although by the end of 2024 several meetings have been generated to put an end to the conflict.
- moderation of inflation.
- interest rate moderation.

On the other hand, technological transformation continues to be a key factor in the sector's business processes. The increase in teleworking, the migration of data to the cloud and risks in the supply chain have increased exposure to cyber-attacks, generating new vulnerabilities related to the integrity and availability of information. The Company currently has advanced information security systems that effectively manage technological risks and strengthen protection against cyber threats. During 2024, no significant incidents have been recorded in this area, thanks to a solid prevention and mitigation strategy.

The Company has not had any relevant impacts as a result of the aforementioned points with respect to cash availability/needs, nor has it had to stop its activity. Nonetheless, given the complexity of the current environment, the Company continuously monitors the progress of the situation and its impact on macroeconomic and financial indicators and oversees the regulatory measures in force, for the purpose of updating the analysis and identifying potential impacts on the abridged annual accounts.

ABRIDGED NOTES TO THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR ENDED ON DECEMBER 31st 2024

(Expressed in thousand Euros)

14. Derivative financial instruments

On July 1st, 2024, the derivatives have been transferred to the Company due to the internal restructuring process of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U (Note 9)

On 31st December, 2024 the amount included in the "Derivatives" heading corresponds to the valuation of the interest rate swap (IRS) agreements held by the Company with various financial institutions, which have been designated as hedging instruments for the variable interest rate risk of the Syndicated Loan (Note 9).

The total fair value of a hedge derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining maturity of the item covered is more than 12 months and as a current asset or liability if the remaining maturity of the item covered is less than 12 months.

On 31th December, 2024 the notional principal of interest rate swap amounts to 125,000 thousand euros and its final maturity is 1 August 2027. The annual fixed interest rate in the above-mentioned contracts is 2.60%.

Gains/losses recognised in equity under "Value change adjustments" on interest rate swaps on 31th December, 2024 will be transferred to the income statement on a consistent basis until the relevant loan are repaid. The tax effect of this hedging instrument has led to the recognition of a deferred tax assets amounting to €510 thousand as of 31th December 2024.

15. Environmental issues

During the years ended December 31th, 2024 and 2023, no grants of an environmental nature have been received and no expenses of this nature have been incurred.

16. Subsequent events

On March 13th, 2025, the assignment of Mr. Simon George Davy was revoked and the new directors assigned was Mr. Daniel Hobson.

On March 24th, 2025, the Company approved the distribution in its favor of the amount of 135,000 thousand euros charged to the item of contributions from partners of Madrileña Red de Gas, S.A.U., which has not been disbursed before the preparation of the abbreviated annual accounts.